

GLOBAL AIDS RESPONSE PROGRESS REPORTING 2013

NATIONAL FUNDING MATRIX

The data related with the topics hereunder was reported by the Portuguese public hospitals, concerning the period of January 1st 2012 to December 31st 2013:

1.22 Post-exposure prophylaxis
2. Care and Treatment
2.01 Outpatient care
2.01.02 Opportunistic infection (OI) outpatient prophylaxis and treatment
2.01.03 Antiretroviral therapy
2.01.04 Nutritional support associated to ARV therapy
2.01.05 Specific HIV-related laboratory monitoring
2.02 In-patient care
2.02.01 Inpatient treatment of opportunistic infections (OI)

Other contributions:

(data requested to Portuguese Institute for Sport and Youth (IPDJ))

Young People
1.05. Prevention - Youth in school
1.06 Prevention - Youth out-of-school

(data request sent to Regional Administrations of Public Health)

Condom Provision
1.13 Public and commercial sector male condom provision
1.14 Public and commercial sector female condom provision
2. Care and Treatment
2.01 Outpatient care
2.01.01 Provider- initiated testing and counselling

(data requested to Social Security Institute, Public Institute (ISS, IP))

3. Orphans and Vulnerable Children
3.01 OVC Education
3.03 OVC Family/home support
3.06 OVC Institutional Care
6. Social Protection and Social Services excluding Orphans and Vulnerable Children
6.01 Social protection through monetary benefits
6.02 Social protection through in-kind benefits
6.03 Social protection through provision of social services

(data requested to Commission for Citizenship and Gender Equality (CIG))

7. Enabling Environment
7.04 AIDS-specific programmes focused on women
7.05 Programmes to reduce Gender Based Violence

Data requests were also addressed to: General-Directorate for Intervention on Addictive Behaviors and Dependencies (SICAD), Prevention of Mother to Child HIV Transmission and Pediatric Working Group and National Programme for Oral health Promotion (Directorate-General of Health).

2014 DUBLIN DECLARATION QUESTIONNAIRE

PART A: GOVERNMENT

- People who inject drugs – data requested to General-Directorate for Intervention on Addictive Behaviors and Dependencies (SICAD)
- Migrants – data requested to High Commissariat for immigration and intercultural dialogue (ACIDI)
- Prisoners – data requested to Directorate General of Rehabilitation and Prison Services (DGRSP)
- PMTCT – data requested to Prevention of Mother to Child HIV Transmission and Pediatric Working Group

PART B: CIVIL SOCIETY

- Application sent to Civil Society National Forum to be completed

Sex Workers – data requested to Institute of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine (IHMT) Source:

PREVIH project a participatory research on HIV and sex workers

1.7 Percentage of sex workers reached with HIV prevention programmes

1.8 Percentage of sex workers reporting the use of a condom with their most recent client

1.9 Percentage of sex workers who received an HIV test in the past 12 months and know their results

1.10 Percentage of sex workers who are living with HIV

MSM – data requested to Institute of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine (IHMT) Source: PREVIH project a participatory research on HIV and men who have sex with men

1.11 Percentage of men who have sex with men reached with HIV prevention programmes

1.12 Percentage of men who have sex with men reporting the use of a condom the last time they had anal sex with a male partner

1.13 Percentage of men who have sex with men who received an HIV test in the past 12 months and know their results

1.14 Percentage of men who have sex with men who are living with HIV.

1.17.5 percentage of men who have sex with men with active syphilis and 1.17.9 Number of men reported with urethral discharge in the past 12 months – data requested to GAT-Checklist

Checklist - sexual transmitted infections community clinic in Lisbon

Non representative data 2013 Lisbon Community Project GAT-Checklist partner IHMT (Instituto de Higiene e Medicina Tropical)

302 MSM - January to December 2013

29 cases of Syphilis infection - primary, secondary, early latent and late latent

1 case of Chlamydia in urine test

3 cases of anal Chlamydia 0.99%

3 cases of gonorrhoea with urethral discharge 0.99 %

6 cases of anal/rectal gonorrhoea 1.98%

Social Security support

With regard to social support addressed to the supply of care facilities for children and young people with promotion and protection measure, there is only one institution dedicated to care facilities for HIV children and young people which is SOL, founded in 1992.

In 2013 the total funding to SOL was € 63543,48

Besides SOL, HIV infected children and young people on promotive and protective measure are taken care together with uninfected children in the care facilities available. Unlike

discrimination of HIV/AIDS infected children and young people, an inclusive intervention is required in order to meet their specific needs with the due care. During 2013 the total amount spent with this kind of support was € 63 498 802,86. It includes infected and uninfected children.

On the subject of social action services (assistance and monitoring), a specific item for monthly income to HIV/AIDS infected people and their families is available. The income support allowance is intended for children and young people and is entitled to the acquisition of current goods and services and the support of healthcare that is not covered by the National Health Service.

Support to families in need in 2013 was € 629 622,77.

Data reported – difficulties in gaining access to information

Regarding indicators 4. Reach 15 million people living with HIV with lifesaving antiretroviral treatment by 2015 and 5 Reduce tuberculosis deaths in people living with HIV by 50% by 2015 there was a significant delay in the process of entering the data into SI.VIDA (HIV/AIDS, new information system and medical record) which does not allow us the report of this data, since hospitals were not asked to report.

For a total of 39 inquired hospitals, 20 reported their values (51,3%). One hospital reported not treating HIV patients.

Generally, data reported concerning the year of 2012 is considerably inferior to the amounts spent. Most entities did not reply at all. Others reported below expenses.

With regard to Post-exposure prophylaxis and Care and Treatment expenses in 2013, some of the most important units of HIV treatment did not report at all; others did not report on time, despite time given for reply (requests sent in February 2014) and further reminders. This fact explains the difference between the amounts reported in the NATIONAL FUNDING MATRIX and the real amount dedicated to HIV treatment in Portugal. For example, the total amount spent on antiretroviral treatment in 2011 was € 228.944.235,00 and in 2012 was € 230.406.077,00.

Similar situation applies to the Syringe Exchange Programme. The General-Directorate for Intervention on Addictive Behaviors and Dependencies (SICAD) did not report expenditures in 2012 regarding harm-reduction programmes for injecting drug users.

Due to the organizational restructuring in 2012 that affected several departments of the Ministry of Health that resulted, among other alterations, in the creation of the National Programme for HIV/AIDS as the Portuguese governmental representative for the HIV Infection, payments regarding the Syringe Exchange Programme related to 2012 were made in 2013. So, the reported amount in 2013 actually refers to the period of 2012 and 2013.