



## FACT SHEET 2026

### Global HIV statistics<sup>1</sup>

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- **40.9 million** [37.1 million–45.7 million] people globally were living with HIV in 2025.
  - **1.2 million** [980 000 –1.6 million] people newly acquired HIV in 2025.
  - **570 000** [440 000–740 000] people died from AIDS-related illnesses in 2025.
  - **32.1 million** people [28.2 million–33.4 million] were accessing antiretroviral therapy in 2025.
  - **83.5 million** [67.0 million–106.3 million] people have acquired HIV since the start of the epidemic.
  - **43.2 million** [36.8 million–52.3 million] people have died from AIDS-related illnesses since the start of the epidemic.
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### People living with HIV

- In 2025, there were 40.9 million [37.1 million–45.7 million] people living with HIV.
    - 39.7 million [35.9 million–44.3 million] adults (15 years or older).
    - 1.3 million [1.0 million–1.6 million] children (0–14 years).
    - 51% of all people living with HIV were women and girls.
  - 88% [69–>98%] of all people living with HIV knew their HIV status in 2025.
  - About 5.0 million people did not know that they were living with HIV in 2025.
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### People living with HIV accessing antiretroviral therapy

- At the end of December 2025, 32.1 million people [28.2 million–33.4 million] people were accessing antiretroviral therapy, up from 7.7 million [6.7–8 million] in 2010.
- In 2025, 78% [62–90%] of all people living with HIV were accessing treatment.
  - 79% [63–92%] of adults aged 15 years and older living with HIV had access to treatment, as did 54% [39–72%] of children aged 0–14 years.
  - 84% [66–97%] of women aged 15 years and older had access to treatment; however, only 74% [57–85%] of men aged 15 years and older had access.
- 87% [75 – >98%] of pregnant women living with HIV had access to antiretroviral medicines to prevent transmission of HIV to their child in 2025.

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<sup>1</sup> The data included here are from 140 countries reporting to UNAIDS for the year 2025. All the data from countries will be made available on [aidsinfo.unaids.org](https://aidsinfo.unaids.org) as of 27 July 2026.

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## New HIV infections

- New HIV infections have been reduced by 65% since the peak in 1995.
  - In 2025, 1.2 million [980 000–1.6 million] people newly acquired HIV, compared to 3.5 million [2.8 million–4.4 million] people in 1995.
  - Women and girls accounted for 41% of all new HIV acquisitions in 2025.
- Since 2010, new HIV acquisitions have declined by 43%, from 2.1 million [1.7 million–2.7 million] to 1.2 million [980 000–1.6 million] in 2025.
- Since 2010, new HIV acquisitions among children have declined by 69%, from 300 000 [210 000–440 000] in 2010 to 94 000 [66 000–140 000] in 2025. Although progress in reducing new HIV acquisitions is greatest among children, progress has stalled in recent years.

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## AIDS-related deaths

- AIDS-related deaths have been reduced by 74% since the peak in 2004 and by 57% since 2010.
- In 2025, around 570 000 [440 000–740 000] people died from AIDS-related illnesses worldwide, compared to 2.1 million [1.7 million–2.8 million] people in 2004 and 1.3 million [1.0 million–1.7 million] people in 2010.
- AIDS-related mortality has declined by 57% among women and girls and by 52% among men and boys since 2010.
- In 2025, someone died of HIV-related causes every minute.

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## People most affected by HIV

- Risk factors compounded by marginalization, discrimination, and in some cases criminalization, resulted in higher risk of HIV acquisitions among certain groups of people compared to all adults:
  - 18 times higher among gay men and other men who have sex with men
  - 17 times higher among sex workers
  - 34 times higher among people who inject drugs
  - 17 times higher among transgender women
  - HIV prevalence is 6 times higher among people in prisons and other closed settings.

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## Testing and treatment targets (95–95–95)

- In 2025, 88% [70→98%] of all people living with HIV knew their HIV status. Among people who knew their status, 89% [71→98%] were accessing treatment. And among people accessing treatment, 95% [76→98%] were virally suppressed.
  - Among children aged 0–14 years the 95–95–95 targets were 64% [46%–84%], 84% [63%→98%], 85% [62%→98%]
  - Among women, the 95–95–95 targets were: 91% [73→98%], 92% [72→98%], and 95% [76→98%].
  - Among men, the 95–95–95 targets were: 85% [66→98%] of adult men living with HIV knew their HIV status, 87% [69→98%] were accessing treatment and 95% [74→98%] were virally suppressed.
- Among all people living with HIV, 88% [70→98%] knew their status, 78% [63–92%] were accessing treatment and 74% [67–83%] were virally suppressed in 2025.

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## Investments

2025 numbers will be provided on 27 July.

## Global HIV data

	2010	2015	2020	2024	2025
<b>People living with HIV</b>	<b>32.5 million</b> [29.4 million - 36.3 million]	<b>35.9 million</b> [32.5 million - 40.1 million]	<b>38.9 million</b> [35.2 million - 43.4 million]	<b>40.6 million</b> [36.8 million - 45.4 million]	<b>40.9 million</b> [37.1 million - 45.7 million]
<b>New HIV Infections</b>	<b>2.1 million</b> [1.7 million - 2.7 million]	<b>1.8 million</b> [1.5 million - 2.3 million]	<b>1.5 million</b> [1.2 million - 1.9 million]	<b>1.3 million</b> [1.0 million - 1.6 million]	<b>1.2 million</b> [980 000 - 1.6 million]
<b>AIDS related deaths</b>	<b>1.3 million</b> [1.0 million - 1.7 million]	<b>940 000</b> [740 000 - 1.2 million]	<b>720 000</b> [560 000 - 940 000]	<b>600 000</b> [460 000 - 770 000]	<b>570 000</b> [440 000 - 740 000]
<b>New HIV Infections (Adults, aged 15+)</b>	<b>1.8 million</b> [1.5 million - 2.3 million]	<b>1.6 million</b> [1.3 million - 2.1 million]	<b>1.3 million</b> [1.1 million - 1.7 million]	<b>1.1 million</b> [910 000 - 1.5 million]	<b>1.1 million</b> [910 000 - 1.5 million]
<b>New HIV Infections (Children, aged 0–14)</b>	<b>300 000</b> [210 000 - 440 000]	<b>200 000</b> [140 000 - 290 000]	<b>140 000</b> [100 000 - 200 000]	<b>110 000</b> [74 000 - 150 000]	<b>94 000</b> [66 000 - 140 000]
<b>People accessing antiretroviral therapy</b>	<b>7.7 million</b> [6.7 million - 8.0 million]	<b>16.8 million</b> [14.8 million - 17.5 million]	<b>26.3 million</b> [23.2 million - 27.4 million]	<b>31.2 million</b> [27.5 million - 32.5 million]	<b>32.1 million</b> [28.2 million - 33.4 million]

Source: Preliminary UNAIDS 2026 epidemiological estimates.

## Regional data – 2025

	People living with HIV	New HIV Infections	New HIV Infections (Adults, aged 15+)	New HIV Infections (Children, aged 0–14)	AIDS-related deaths
<b>Global</b>	<b>40.9 million</b> [37.1 million - 45.7 million]	<b>1.2 million</b> [980 000 - 1.6 million]	<b>1.1 million</b> [910 000 - 1.5 million]	<b>94 000</b> [66 000 - 140 000]	<b>570 000</b> [440 000 - 740 000]
<b>Asia and the Pacific</b>	<b>7.1 million</b> [6.4 million - 8.0 million]	<b>280 000</b> [240 000 - 340 000]	<b>270 000</b> [230 000 - 330 000]	<b>8200</b> [6400 - 12 000]	<b>120 000</b> [92 000 - 160 000]
<b>Caribbean</b>	<b>340 000</b> [290 000 - 400 000]	<b>13 000</b> [9100 - 19 000]	<b>12 000</b> [8000 - 17 000]	<b>1600</b> [1100 - 2200]	<b>4700</b> [3300 - 6800]
<b>Eastern and southern Africa</b>	<b>21.1 million</b> [19.4 million - 23.3 million]	<b>420 000</b> [340 000 - 540 000]	<b>380 000</b> [300 000 - 490 000]	<b>46 000</b> [32 000 - 68 000]	<b>240 000</b> [200 000 - 310 000]
<b>Eastern Europe and central Asia</b>	<b>2.0 million</b> [1.8 million - 2.1 million]	<b>120 000</b> [100 000 - 130 000]	<b>120 000</b> [100 000 - 130 000]	<b>980</b> [850 - 1200]	<b>41 000</b> [33 000 - 50 000]
<b>Latin America</b>	<b>2.6 million</b> [2.3 million - 2.9 million]	<b>130 000</b> [97 000 - 160 000]	<b>120 000</b> [94 000 - 160 000]	<b>2500</b> [2100 - 3000]	<b>28 000</b> [20 000 - 39 000]
<b>Middle East and North Africa</b>	<b>240 000</b> [200 000 - 320 000]	<b>22 000</b> [15 000 - 34 000]	<b>20 000</b> [14 000 - 32 000]	<b>1700</b> [1200 - 2600]	<b>6700</b> [4500 - 10 000]
<b>Western and central Africa</b>	<b>5.2 million</b> [4.6 million - 6.0 million]	<b>190 000</b> [120 000 - 290 000]	<b>150 000</b> [94 000 - 250 000]	<b>33 000</b> [22 000 - 47 000]	<b>110 000</b> [85 000 - 150 000]
<b>Western and central Europe and North America</b>	<b>2.4 million</b> [2.1 million - 2.6 million]	<b>62 000</b> [52 000 - 73 000]	<b>62 000</b> [51 000 - 72 000]	<b>&lt;500</b> [<500 - <500]	<b>8900</b> [6700 - 11 000]

Source: Preliminary UNAIDS 2026 epidemiological estimates.

## Regional treatment coverage 2025

	The percentage of pregnant women living with HIV who received ART to prevent mother-to-child-transmission	The percentage of all people living with HIV who are on ART	The percentage of children (0-14 years) living with HIV who are on ART	The percentage of adults (aged 15+) living with HIV who are on ART
<b>Global</b>	<b>87%</b> [75 - >98]	<b>78%</b> [63 - 92]	<b>54%</b> [39 - 72]	<b>79%</b> [63 - 92]
<b>Asia and the Pacific</b>	<b>70%</b> [58 - 82]	<b>71%</b> [56 - 84]	<b>64%</b> [48 - 80]	<b>72%</b> [57 - 83]
<b>Caribbean</b>	<b>52%</b> [43 - 64]	<b>73%</b> [54 - 88]	<b>33%</b> [23 - 43]	<b>75%</b> [56 - 90]
<b>Eastern and southern Africa</b>	<b>95%</b> [83 - >98]	<b>85%</b> [69 - 98]	<b>59%</b> [44 - 81]	<b>86%</b> [70 - >98]
<b>Eastern Europe and central Asia</b>	<b>92%</b> [84 - >98]	<b>57%</b> [46 - 64]	<b>82%</b> [62 - 98]	<b>57%</b> [47 - 65]
<b>Latin America</b>	<b>81%</b> [72 - 93]	<b>71%</b> [55 - 82]	<b>50%</b> [38 - 60]	<b>72%</b> [55 - 84]
<b>Middle East and North Africa</b>	<b>26%</b> [19 - 33]	<b>53%</b> [38 - 72]	<b>34%</b> [23 - 45]	<b>54%</b> [38 - 73]
<b>Western and central Africa</b>	<b>64%</b> [53 - 80]	<b>73%</b> [57 - 89]	<b>39%</b> [26 - 51]	<b>76%</b> [58 - 92]
<b>Western and central Europe and North America</b>	<b>92%</b> [81 - >98]	<b>80%</b> [62 - 92]	<b>93%</b> [75 - 98]	<b>80%</b> [62 - 92]

Source: Preliminary UNAIDS 2026 epidemiological estimates.