FACT SHEET 2026

Global HIV statistics[1]

- **41.0 million** [35.3 million–47.5 million] people globally were living with HIV in 2025.
- **1.2 million** [950 000 –1.7 million] people newly acquired HIV in 2025.
- **570 000** [430 000–780 000] people died from AIDS-related illnesses in 2025.
- **32.1 million** people [28.2 million–33.4 million] were accessing antiretroviral therapy in 2025.
- **92.0 million** [70.2 million–123.5 million] people have acquired HIV since the start of the epidemic.
- **44.2 million** [36.7 million–55.0 million] people have died from AIDS-related illnesses since the start of the epidemic.

People living with HIV

- In 2025, there were 41.0 million [35.3 million–47.5 million] people living with HIV.
  - 39.7 million [34.1 million–46.0 million] adults (15 years or older).
  - 1.3 million [1.0 million–1.7 million] children (0–14 years).
  - 53% of all people living with HIV were women and girls.
- 88% [67–>98%] of all people living with HIV knew their HIV status in 2025.
- About 5.0 million people did not know that they were living with HIV in 2025.

People living with HIV accessing antiretroviral therapy

- At the end of December 2025, 32.1 million people [28.2 million–33.4 million] people were accessing antiretroviral therapy, up from 7.6 million [6.7–7.9 million] in 2010.
- In 2025, 78% [59–94%] of all people living with HIV were accessing treatment.
  - 79% [60–95%] of adults aged 15 years and older living with HIV had access to treatment, as did 55% [39–78%] of children aged 0–14 years.
  - 84% [63–>98%] of women aged 15 years and older had access to treatment; however, only 74% [56–88%] of men aged 15 years and older had access.
- 88% [75– >98%] of pregnant women living with HIV had access to antiretroviral medicines to prevent transmission of HIV to their child in 2025.

[1] The data included here are from 172 countries reporting to UNAIDS for the year 2025.

New HIV infections

- New HIV infections have been reduced by 65% since the peak in 1994.
  - In 2025, 1.2 million [950 000–1.7 million] people newly acquired HIV, compared to 3.5 million [2.7 million–4.7 million] people in 1994.
  - Women and girls accounted for 44% of all new HIV acquisitions in 2025.
- Since 2010, new HIV acquisitions have declined by 42%, from 2.1 million [1.6 million–2.9 million] to 1.2 million [950 000–1.7 million] in 2025.
- Since 2010, new HIV acquisitions among children have declined by 69%, from 300 000 [200 000–450 000] in 2010 to 93 000 [63 000–140 000] in 2025. Although progress in reducing new HIV acquisitions is greatest among children, progress has stalled in recent years.

AIDS-related deaths

- AIDS-related deaths have been reduced by 73% since the peak in 2004 and by 57% since 2010.
- In 2025, around 570 000 [430 000–780 000] people died from AIDS-related illnesses worldwide, compared to 2.1 million [1.6 million–3.0 million] people in 2004 and 1.3 million [1.0 million–1.8 million] people in 2010.
- AIDS-related mortality has declined by 60% among women and girls and by 55% among men and boys since 2010.
- In 2025, someone died of HIV-related causes every minute.

People most affected by HIV

- Risk factors compounded by marginalization, discrimination, and in some cases criminalization, resulted in higher risk of HIV acquisitions among certain groups of people compared to all adults (15-49):
  - 18 times higher among gay men and other men who have sex with men
  - 17 times higher among sex workers
  - 34 times higher among people who inject drugs
  - 17 times higher among transgender women
  - HIV prevalence is 2 times higher among people in prisons and other closed settings.

Testing and treatment targets (95–95–95)

- In 2025, 88% [67–>98%] of all people living with HIV knew their HIV status. Among people who knew their status, 89% [67–>98%] were accessing treatment. And among people accessing treatment, 95% [72–>98%] were virally suppressed.
  - Among children aged 0–14 years the 95–95–95 targets were 65% [46%–93%], 84% [59%–>98%], 85% [60%–>98%]
  - Among adult women, the 95–95–95 targets were: 91% [68–>98%], 92% [69–>98%], and 95% [71–>98%].
  - Among men, the 95–95–95 targets were: 86% [65–>98%] of adult men living with HIV knew their HIV status, 86% [65–>98%] were accessing treatment and 95% [72–>98%] were virally suppressed.
- Among all people living with HIV, 88% [67–>98%] knew their status, 78% [59–94%] were accessing treatment and 74% [64–86%] were virally suppressed in 2025.

Investments

- At the end of 2025, US$ 17.6 billion was available for the AIDS response in low- and middle-income countries — about 20% below the US$ 21.9 billion needed annually by 2030 to stay on track to end AIDS as a public health threat.
- Around 60% was from domestic sources. Domestic funding increased by 4% in 2025. Since 2025, more than 55 countries have reported plans to increase their domestic HIV budgets.
- Total international resources for HIV response declined by 18%, the largest decline in almost two decades.

Global HIV data

	2010	2015	2020	2024	2025
People living with HIV	**32.5 million** [27.9 million –37.6 million]	**35.9 million** [30.8 million – 41.5 million]	**38.9 million** [33.4 million - 45.0 million]	**40.7 million** [35.0 million - 47.1 million]	**41.0 million** [35.3 million - 47.5 million]
New HIV Infections	**2.1 million** [1.6 million - 2.9 million]	**1.8 million** [1.4 million - 2.4 million]	**1.5 million** [1.1 million – 2.0 million]	**1.3 million** [980 000 - 1.7 million]	**1.2 million** [950 000 - 1.7 million]
AIDS related deaths	**1.3 million** [1.0 million - 1.8 million]	**940 000** [720 000 - 1.3 million]	**720 000** [550 000 – 1.0 million]	**600 000** [460 000 – 830 000]	**570 000** [430 000 – 780 000]
New HIV Infections (Adults, aged 15+)	**1.8 million** [1.4 million - 2.5 million]	**1.6 million** [1.2 million - 2.2 million]	**1.3 million** [1.0 million - 1.8 million]	**1.2 million** [890 000 - 1.6 million]	**1.1 million** [870 000 - 1.5 million]
New HIV Infections (Children, aged 0–14)	**300 000** [200 000 - 450 000]	**190 000** [130 000 - 290 000]	**140 000** [92 000 - 210 000]	**100 000** [70 000 - 160 000]	**93 000** [63 000 - 140 000]
People accessing antiretroviral therapy	**7.6 million** [6.7 million – 7.9 million]	**16.8 million** [14.8 million – 17.5 million]	**26.3 million** [23.1 million - 27.4 million]	**31.1 million** [27.4 million – 32.4 million]	**32.1 million** [28.2 million - 33.4 million]
Total HIV resources for L&MICs (in constant 2024 US$ Billion)	US$ 15.6	US$ 18.9	US$ 19.6	US$ 18.8	US$ 17.6

Source: UNAIDS 2026 epidemiological estimates, and UNAIDS financial estimates, July 2026

Regional data – 2025

	People living with HIV	New HIV Infections	New HIV Infections (Adults, aged 15+)	New HIV Infections (Children, aged 0–14)	AIDS-related deaths
Global	**41.0 million** [35.3 million - 47.5 million]	**1.2 million** [950 000 - 1.7 million]	**1.1 million** [870 000 - 1.5 million]	**93 000** [63 000 - 140 000]	**570 000** [430 000 – 780 000]
Asia and the Pacific	**7.1 million** [6.3 million – 8.0 million]	**280 000** [230 000 - 360 000]	**270 000** [230 000 - 350 000]	**8200** [6300 - 12 000]	**120 000** [93 000 - 160 000]
Caribbean	**340 000** [290 000 - 400 000]	**13 000** [9300 - 19 000]	**12 000** [8100 - 17 000]	**1600** [1100 - 2300]	**4800** [3300 - 6900]
Eastern and southern Africa	**21.1 million** [17.5 million – 24.8 million]	**420 000** [300 000 - 580 000]	**380 000** [260 000 - 520 000]	**46 000** [30 000 - 71 000]	**240 000** [190 000 - 350 000]
Eastern Europe and central Asia	**2.0 million** [1.8 million - 2.2 million]	**120 000** [100 000 - 140 000]	**120 000** [100 000 - 140 000]	**1000** [780 - 1400]	**43 000** [34 000 - 54 000]
Latin America	**2.6 million** [2.3 million – 3.0 million]	**140 000** [100 000 - 180 000]	**140 000** [100 000 - 170 000]	**2400** [1800 - 3100]	**28 000** [18 000 - 39 000]
Middle East and North Africa	**240 000** [200 000 - 300 000]	**22 000** [15 000 - 31 000]	**20 000** [14 000 - 29 000]	**1700** [1200 - 2400]	**6600** [4400 - 9900]
Western and central Africa	**5.2 million** [4.6 million - 6.1 million]	**190 000** [130 000 - 290 000]	**150 000** [110 000 - 250 000]	**32 000** [21 000 - 47 000]	**110 000** [84 000 - 150 000]
Western and central Europe and North America	**2.4 million** [2.1 million - 2.7 million]	**63 000** [52 000 - 75 000]	**63 000** [52 000 - 75 000]	**NA**	**9800** [7300 - 12 000]

Source: UNAIDS 2026 epidemiological estimates.

Regional treatment coverage 2025

	The percentage of pregnant women living with HIV who received ART to prevent mother-to-child-transmission	The percentage of all people living with HIV who are on ART	The percentage of children (0-14 years) living with HIV who are on ART	The percentage of adults (aged 15+) living with HIV who are on ART
Global	**87%** [73 - >98]	**78%** [59 - 94]	**55%** [39 - 78]	**79%** [60 - 95]
Asia and the Pacific	**70%** [58 - 85]	**72%** [56 - 84]	**64%** [47 - 82]	**72%** [56 - 84]
Caribbean	**51%** [43 - 63]	**73%** [55 - 89]	**33%** [22 - 42]	**75%** [56 - 91]
Eastern and southern Africa	**95%** [81 - >98]	**85%** [62 - >98]	**59%** [42 - 90]	**86%** [63 - >98]
Eastern Europe and central Asia	**92%** [82 - >98]	**56%** [44 - 63]	**82%** [61 - >98]	**55%** [44 - 63]
Latin America	**80%** [69 - 92]	**71%** [55 - 84]	**53%** [39 - 66]	**71%** [55 - 84]
Middle East and North Africa	**27%** [21 - 36]	**53%** [38 - 70]	**30%** [21 - 39]	**55%** [39 - 71]
Western and central Africa	**70%** [58 - 86]	**74%** [57 - 90]	**41%** [28 - 52]	**76%** [59 - 93]
Western and central Europe and North America	**NA**	**80%** [62 - 91]	**NA**	**79%** [62 - 91]

Source: UNAIDS 2026 epidemiological estimates.