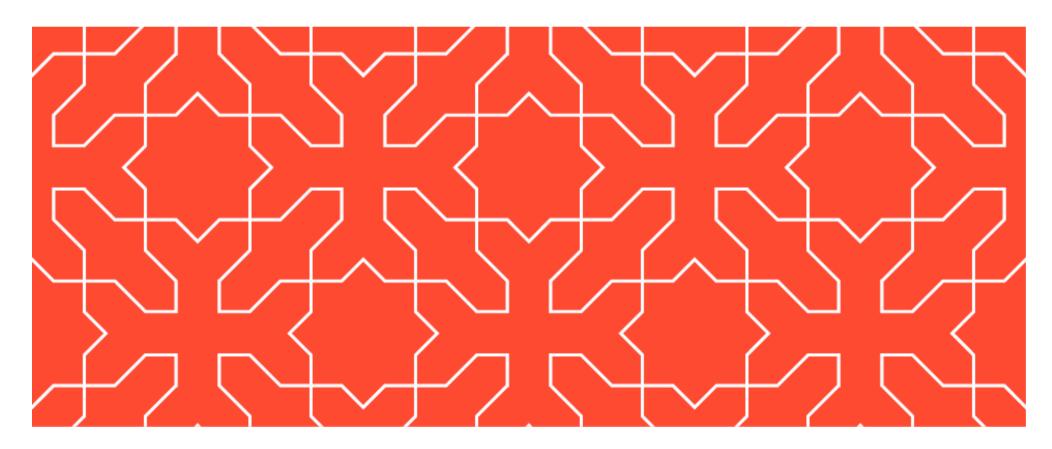
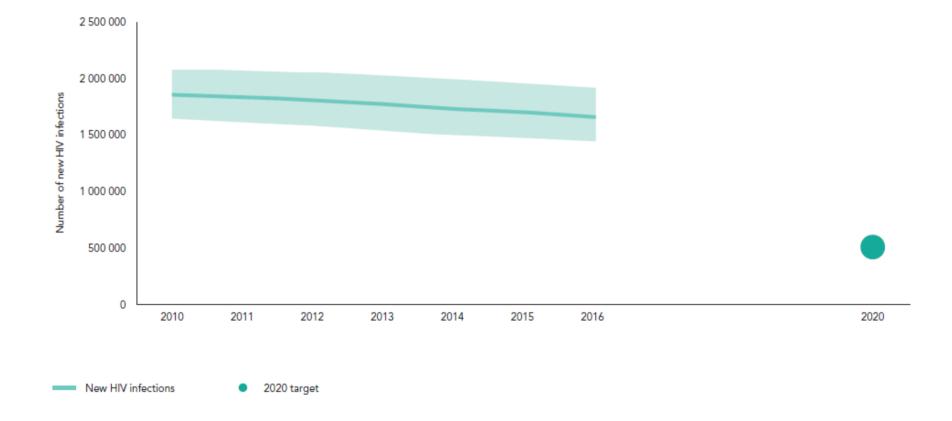
# Follow Up to the Thematic Segment from the 40<sup>th</sup> PCB

**HIV PREVENTION 2020: A GLOBAL PARTNERSHIP FOR DELIVERY** 

**Tim Martineau** 

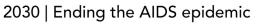


## New HIV infections among adults (15+ years), globally, 2010–2016 and 2020 target



Source: UNAIDS Global AIDS Update, 2017.

\* The 2020 target is fewer than 500 000 new HIV infections, equivalent to a 75% reduction since 2010.





## Highlights of the discussions of 40<sup>th</sup> PCB thematic segment: SHAPING THE DEBATE

- Bring prevention to the center of the AIDS response move beyond the false dichotomy of prevention and treatment
- Call for a human rights-based approach that ensures quality services that reach everyone in need.
- Successful prevention hinges on young people being able to have the knowledge and freely access the services they need to manage their sexual and reproductive lives responsibly.
- Need to show stronger leadership in addressing structural barriers to effective combination prevention, including through advancing comprehensive sexuality education and tackling harmful norms, policies and laws
- The importance of partnerships between governments and civil society, and of providing funding and other forms of support to communities to participate in the design, implementation and monitoring of interventions.

## Highlights of the discussions of 40<sup>th</sup> PCB thematic segment WHAT IS REQUIRED TO SCALE UP HIV PREVENTION?

- Strong political leadership and prevention champions, open debate on sensitive issues
- Clear, measurable prevention targets at national level and high-quality monitoring & evaluation, so that results can be assessed, compared and improved.
- Adequate funding, including for neglected areas such as HIV prevention among key populations - currently heavily reliant on donor support.
- Clarity around what it means to take prevention to scale with well defined prevention packages



## Highlights of the discussions of 40<sup>th</sup> PCB thematic segment REACHING MORE PEOPLE AT RISK WITH PROGRAMMES AND SERVICES

- Good practice examples from India (sex worker programs), South Africa (condom and VMMC programs), Belarus (harm reduction), PrEP in US
- Rapid scaling up is possible, requires leadership, funding and addressing structural factors not only biomedical interventions
- Need to address needs of indigenous populations



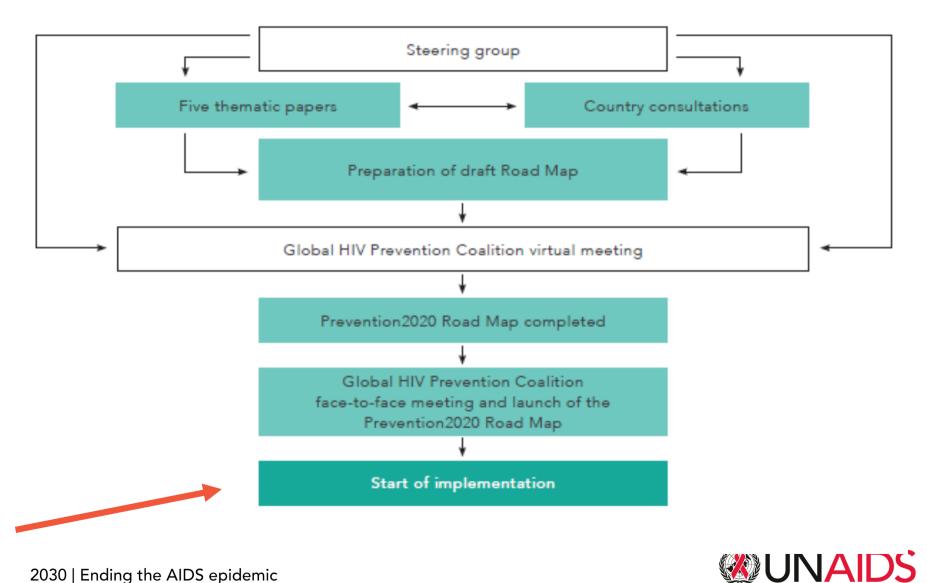
## Highlights of the discussions of 40<sup>th</sup> PCB thematic segments TOWARDS A GLOBAL PREVENTION COALITION

- A global prevention partnership or coalition of the willing should be established
- Such a coalition will require a road map that articulates key elements, such as strong political leadership; adequate financing; targets, well-defined prevention packages, rights based and people-centred approaches; and technical assistance
- Human rights, equality for women, an end to violence against women, and the elimination of stigma and discrimination are essential for HIV prevention
- Speakers noted that faith-based entities are major health providers in some regions and need to be part of a new prevention strategy.



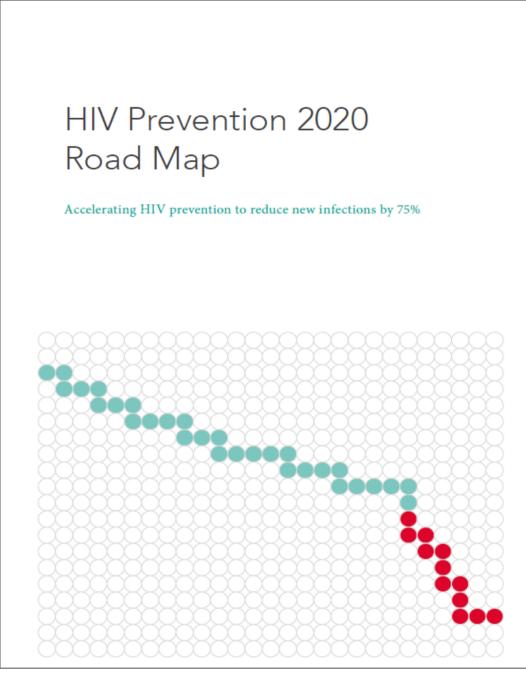
2030 | Ending the AIDS epidemic

## Process since 41<sup>th</sup> PCB in June 2017



2030 | Ending the AIDS epidemic







2030 | Ending the AIDS epidemic

### 10-point plan

## for accelerating HIV prevention at the country level

#### 1 Conduct a strategic 10 Strengthen accountability for prevention, including all stakeholders. to progress. Establish or strengthen HIV prevention programme

assessment of key prevention needs and identify policy and programme barriers

#### 2

Develop or revise national targets and road maps for HIV prevention 2020.

8

Assess available resources for prevention and develop a strategy to close finacing gap.

9

#### 7

Establish or strengthen social contracting mechanisms for civil society implementers and expand communitybased programmes.

monitoring systems.

#### 5

Accelerating

**HIV** prevention

programmes

6 Develop consolidated prevention capacitybuilding and a technical assistance plan.

Develop guidance, formulate intervention packages and identify service delivery platforms, and update operational plans.

#### 3

Strengthen national prevention leadership and make institutional changes to enhance HIV prevention oversight and management.

#### 4

Introduce the necessary policy and legal changes to create an enabling environment for prevention programmes.

## **UNAIDS**

#### 0

## Targets and milestones: 100-Day Plan

2017	ост	Global HIV Prevention Coalition and the Prevention 2020 Road Map launched
		Coalition endorses metrics for measuring progress in primary prevention using country and
		coalition scorecard in line with existing global AIDS monitoring system
		Countries decide on immediate actions for first 100 days (100-day plan)
	NOV	Coalition Secretariat overseen by two Coalition co-chairs, and a robust and inclusive interagency
		coordination mechanism established
		Global agencies disseminate guidance, and Coalition Secretariat provides appropriate tools for
		target setting, assessments, planning, implementation and policy support, monitoring and
	DEC	Coalition Secretariat establishes and activates mechanism for rapid response technical assistance
		All countries, in an inclusive process, take stock of where they stand with reaching HIV prevention
		targets and addressing key legal, social, economic and gender-related barriers to service demand,
		access and uptake
		All countries have taken action to strengthen HIV prevention management and oversight capacity
2018	FEB	Countries and Coalition Secretariat review progress against 100-day plans
		All countries have set or updated national HIV prevention programme and impact targets, defined
		standard service packages, and updated their country road maps and plans
		All countries have identified actions for key policy changes to create an enabling environment for prevention

## Latest update

- 20+ countries developing 100 day action plans
- Many include prevention target-setting, strengthening of their prevention management capacity and reviews of policy and legal barriers to prevention
- A secretariat is being established in UNAIDS in Geneva to support countries, supported by Gates Foundation, CIFF and Germany
- Dashboard/country score cards for accountability being validated



## THANK YOU