FAST-TRACK
ENDING THE AIDS EPIDEMIC BY 2030
WE HAVE BENT THE

TRAJECTORY

OF THE AIDS EPIDEMIC

NOW WE HAVE FIVE YEARS TO BREAK THE EPIDEMIC OR WE RISK THE EPIDEMIC SPRUNGING BACK EVEN STRONGER
The Fast-Track

NO SCALE-UP—maintain 2013 coverage levels

New HIV infections in low- and middle-income countries (millions)

AIDS-related deaths in low- and middle-income countries (millions)

2015

RAPID SCALE-UP—achieve ambitious targets

New HIV infections in low- and middle-income countries (millions)

AIDS-related deaths in low- and middle-income countries (millions)

MAJOR BENEFITS:

21 MILLION
AIDS-related deaths averted by 2030

28 MILLION
HIV infections averted by 2030

5.9 MILLION
Infections among children averted by 2030

15- FOLD
Return on HIV investments

New HIV infections in different population groups, low- and middle-income countries, 2030

Without scale-up, the AIDS epidemic will continue to outrun the response, increasing the long-term need for HIV treatment and increasing future costs.

Rapid scale-up of essential HIV prevention and treatment approaches will enable the response to outpace the epidemic.

2030
People receiving antiretroviral therapy, 2005 to June 2014, all countries

13.6 MILLION
People receiving antiretroviral therapy, June 2014
Antiretroviral therapy coverage for adults and children, 2013

- Adults: 38%
- Children: 24%
Numbers of children receiving antiretroviral therapy, 2013–2014

December 2013: 763,000 children
June 2014: 783,000 children
Building on past achievements: funds invested in AIDS programmes in low- and middle-income countries, 1986–2013

Sources: UNAIDS estimates, UNAIDS–Kaiser Family Foundation reports on financing the response to HIV in low- and middle-income countries, GARPR 2014, philanthropic resource tracking reports from Funders Concerned About AIDS, reports from the Global Fund and UNITAID.
Targets for ending the AIDS epidemic

by 2020

90-90-90
Treatment

500,000
New infections among adults

ZERO
 Discrimination

by 2030

95-95-95
Treatment

200,000
New infections among adults

ZERO
 Discrimination
New HIV infections in low- and middle-income countries, 2010–2030, with achievement of ambitious Fast-Track Targets, compared to maintaining 2013 coverage.
AIDS-related deaths in low- and middle-income countries, 2010–2030, with achievement of ambitious Fast-Track Targets, compared to maintaining 2013 coverage.

21 MILLION
Total AIDS-related deaths averted 2015–2030

- Blue dots: Ambitious targets
- Red dots: Constant coverage
Cumulative HIV infections and AIDS-related deaths averted by achieving ambitious Fast-Track Targets compared to maintaining 2013 coverage levels, low- and middle-income countries, 2015–2030
Estimated annual number of new HIV infections and AIDS-related deaths in low- and middle-income countries, by region, comparing achieving ambitious Fast-Track Targets and maintaining 2013 coverage levels, and percentage reduction under ambitious targets, 2010–2030.
Estimated new HIV infections in 2030 in low- and middle-income countries in Africa and Middle East, with achievement of Fast-Track Targets compared to continuation of 2013 coverage.
Estimated new HIV infections in 2030 in low- and middle-income countries in Asia and the Pacific, with achievement of Fast-Track Targets compared to continuation of 2013 coverage.
Estimated new HIV infections in 2030 in low- and middle-income countries in Eastern Europe and Central Asia, with achievement of Fast-Track Targets compared to continuation of 2013 coverage.
Estimated new HIV infections in 2030 in low- and middle-income countries in Latin America and the Caribbean, with achievement of Fast-Track Targets compared to continuation of 2013 coverage
Antiretroviral therapy coverage targets for 2015–2020 in selected countries
Coverage targets for outreach to men who have sex with men, Mozambique
Resources available in 2013 and resources required 2015–2030, by level of income in low- and middle-income countries