## AGENDA ITEM 4

Follow-up actions to the 2024-2025 Workplan and Budget (UBRAF)



### Key objectives

This paper, prepared in response to decision point 6.8, has **three key objectives**:

- inform the Board that the projected annual core funding for the next biennium (2024–2025) is US\$ 160 million and that it will serve as the basis for prioritization;
- describe impact of prioritization, including where the Joint Programme will be limited to deliver at the global, regional and country levels; and
- provide an "explainer" on the noncore resources that are received and managed by the Secretariat, their roles and the ways in which they complement core UBRAF funding.



### Decision point 6.8 from the 52nd PCB Meeting

At its 52nd meeting in June 2023, the Programme Coordinating Board (PCB) requested the Secretariat to report on the following information to the 53rd meeting of the PCB:

- **Scenario planning** for the 2024-2025 Budget to provide clarity on the prioritized allocation of anticipated revenues against the approved workplan under the <u>current fund projection</u>, the <u>baseline approved budget</u> and the fully funded workplan;
- An **integrated budget** with projected core and noncore Secretariat resources to provide clarity on the contribution of all resources towards and fully funded Unified Budget, Results and Accountability Framework (UBRAF) and its implementation, while recognizing the need for sufficient core funds as a predictable source of financing; and
- An assessment of the impact of insufficient core revenues on execution of the 2024-2025 workplan, and utilize this information in resource mobilization efforts and communication strategies. JNAIDS

#### Context

The Joint Programme's strategic prioritization of core resources has greatly intensified since 2015, with a focus on **retaining core capacity** for its **multisectoral coordination role** to drive effective HIV responses.

Taking inflation into account, the real core funding that is projected to be available for the UBRAF in 2024 will have **decreased by 52%** since 2015.

The core funding challenge extends **across the entire UN system**, limiting the capacity of Cosponsors to compensate for the decline in core UBRAF funding.

Core resources are critical for the mission and specific functions of the Joint Programme, Secretariat and Cosponsors. **Personnel accounted for 75% of total core expenditures** for the Secretariat in 2022.



## Continued need for a Joint Programme towards 2030 and beyond

UNAIDS continues to provide **global leadership** and **convening/coordination support to countries, communities, and partners** to ensure life-saving HIV services reach all who need them, with respect and dignity.

**2023 ECOSOC Resolution** and **2023 MOPAN assessment** reaffirmed the relevance of the Joint Programme and its **coordinated multisectoral response**.

The Joint Programme plays a key role in supporting countries, Global Fund and PEPFAR by:

- contributing comprehensive data and knowledge to help guide an effective and impactful HIV response;
- convening/coordinating across diverse stakeholders to support country plans;
- supporting accountability mechanisms, including through civil society.



Developments in the UNAIDS funding situation — core and noncore funds

#### **Core funds (definition)**

- Intended to fund the core strategic functions of the Secretariat and provide catalytic funding for the HIVrelated work of 11 Cosponsors.
- Essential to enable
   Cosponsors to mobilize and
   leverage other resources and
   maintain AIDS as a priority
   across other, broader
   agendas.

#### **Noncore funds (definition)**

#### Cosponsors

- Comprise the complementary HIV-related resources that each Cosponsor mobilizes or leverages internally, as well as additional funds that Cosponsors raise at country, regional and global levels, either for themselves or on behalf of several Cosponsors
- Do not substitute core funds

#### **Secretariat**

- Earmarked funds, in addition to the core approved budget, to support global, regional and country activities, designated for specific countries or purposes
- E.g. Robert Carr Fund

### Funding scenarios for the 2024-2025 budget

At its 52nd meeting, the PCB approved the 2024-2025 Workplan and Budget with two budget levels set at **US\$210 million** and **US\$187 million**.

In response to decision point 6.8, a scenario highlighting prioritized actions of the Joint Programme is developed in line with a projected core income of **US\$160 million** annually for next biennium.



# Projected 2024-2025 core and noncore UBRAF resources (integrated budget)

Table 1: 2024-2025 biennial budget by funding source, by year, for upper threshold \$210 million, base budget US\$187 million and lower level US\$160 million Core Budget

Funding course	Core Budget US\$ 210 million		
Funding source	2024	2025	Total
I. Core funds			
Cosponsors Core central	22 000 000	22 000 000	44 000 000
Global Strategic Initiatives	11 000 000	11 000 000	22 000 000
Cosponsors Country envelope	31 000 000	31 000 000	62 000 000
Sub-total Cosponsors core	64 000 000	64 000 000	128 000 000
Secretariat Core	146 000 000	146 000 000	292 000 000
Total core funds	210 000 000	210 000 000	420 000 000
II. Non-core funds			
Cosponsors Non-core *	229 756 500	229 756 500	459 513 000
Secretariat Non-core	50 000 000	50 000 000	100 000 000
Total Non-core funds	279 756 500	279 756 500	559 513 000
GRAND TOTAL - all funds  * Excludes projections for the LINDR- G	489 756 500	489 756 500	979 513 000

Core Budget US\$ 187 million				
2024	2025	Total		
22 000 000	22 000 000	44 000 000		
25 000 000	25 000 000	50 000 000		
47 000 000	47 000 000	94 000 000		
140 000 000	140 000 000	280 000 000		
187 000 000	187 000 000	374 000 000		
229 756 500	229 756 500	459 513 000		
50 000 000	50 000 000	100 000 000		
279 756 500	279 756 500	559 513 000		
466 756 500	466 756 500	933 513 000		
25				

Core Budget US\$ 160 million				
2024	2025	Total		
16 500 000	16 500 000	33 000 000		
17 500 000	17 500 000	35 000 000		
34 000 000	34 000 000	68 000 000		
126 000 000	126 000 000	252 000 000		
160 000 000	160 000 000	320 000 000		
229 756 500 50 000 000 279 756 500	229 756 500 50 000 000 279 756 500	459 513 000 100 000 000 559 513 000		
439 756 500	439 756 500	879 513 000		



Excludes projections for the UNDP- Global Fund partnership amounting to US\$ 753 million for 2024-2029

## Prioritization

#### **Prioritization**

With 2025 targets in front of us, critical prioritization for 2024-2025 biennium workplanning and budget, all Joint Programme work will focus on the following four priorities (driven by local needs, data and country context):

- advance progress on HIV prevention;
- accelerate access to HIV treatment (closing gaps) and new health technologies;
- promote community-led HIV responses, including community-led services and monitoring; and
- ensure equitable financing and sustaining the HIV response

Progress will be undergirded by **ending HIV inequalities**, including gender inequalities, protecting human rights, removing punitive laws, policies and other social and social structural barriers, and **ending stigma and discrimination**.

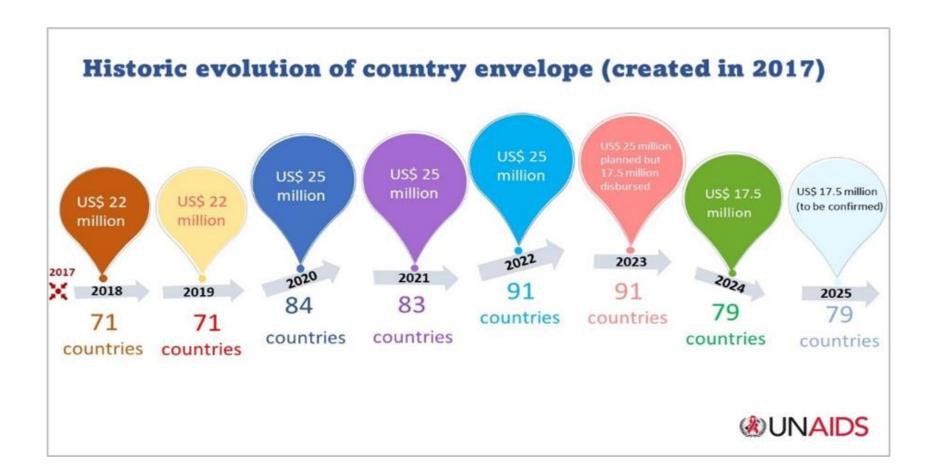


## Overarching strategic Joint Programme priorities for 2024-2025

Global AIDS Strategy 3 priorities & UBRAF outcomes	JOINT PROGRAMME PRIORITIES		Global AIDS Strategy & UBRAF 10 result areas	
Maximize equitable and equal access to HIV services and solutions	Advance progress on HIV prevention	gender equality to ment services	RA 1: HIV prevention RA 3: Paediatric AIDS, vertical transmission	
	Accelerate access to HIV treatment and new health technologies	and gender e	RA 2: HIV treatment	
Break down barriers to achieving HIV outcomes	Promote community-led HIV responses, including community-led services and monitoring	human rights revention and	RA 4: Community-led responses RA 5: Human rights RA 6: Gender equality RA 7: Young people	
Fully resource and sustain efficient HIV responses and integrate them into systems for health, social protection, humanitarian settings and pandemic responses	Ensure equitable financing and sustaining the HIV response	Promote decriminalization, support access to HIV p	RA 8: Fully funded HIV response RA 9: Integration and social protection RA 10: Humanitarian settings and pandemics	



## Country envelope amounts and country recipients, 2018-2025





Impact on the Joint Programme of the US\$ 160 million scenario for 2024-2025

## Impact on the Joint Programme of the US\$ 160 million scenario for 2024-2025

- Unpredictability of funds
- Closure of offices
- Diminished HIV visibility within Cosponsors
- Targeted leveraging of core capacities/ complimentary roles of Joint Programme
- Weakened multisectoral coordination (RA 1-3, 4-8)
- Country-level impacts (RA 1-3, 4-8)
- Loss of capacity and expertise (RA 1-3, 4-8)
- Impact on civil society and communities (RA 4)
- Decrease in amount and number of Country Envelopes (RA 1-3)
- Slow to minimal response to humanitarian and other crises (RA 9-10)
- Oversight, evaluation and ethics
- Governance
- Leveraging the power of the UN system for the HIV response and broader SDG





### Stabilizing the Joint Programme

The **inadequacy of core resources** is taking a significant toll on the Joint Programme's capacity to meet the growing demands from countries and partners for support—a multi-sectoral approach is needed more now, than ever.

The scale of the shortfall is such that **exceptional leadership from a single donor or minimal amounts from broader donor base** could bring the financial situation back to a replenished UBRAF, as demonstrated in 2020.



### **Moving Forward**

